

# <u>ACT Risk Advisory –</u> <u>Drones</u>



**Advisory topic: Drones** 

**Industry Maturity Index: Now** 

<u>Why this is important:</u> The ACT Changing Nature of Risk work group feels that use of drones will have a significant impact across the insurance landscape. We feel it is important for our industry to fully understand the impact and opportunity the use of drones presents. This advisory will provide you with an "executive summary" overview of the drone "issue".

<u>What is it?</u> An Unmanned Aerial Vehicle ('UAV'), also known as a drone or unmanned aerial system is an aircraft without a human pilot on board. UAVs operate with various degrees of autonomy, either under remote control by a human operator or fully or intermittently autonomously, by onboard computers. (<u>Wikipedia</u>)

The small unmanned-aircraft-system market is expected to reach \$8bn in 2019, including services and applications: professional/hobbyists \$1.1bn and the commercial share \$5.2bn.

**Broad Implications / Uses:** Beyond the military applications, UAVs have many civil or commercial uses, including:

- Hobby and recreational use
  - Aerial surveying
  - Agriculture usage
  - Search and rescue
  - Delivery
  - Traffic patrol and accident assistance
  - Humanitarian aid
  - Photography image acquisition.
  - Scientific research (data collection)
  - News gathering
  - Real Estate
  - Law enforcement

The list goes on...

# **Economic Impact(s):**

- Worldwide sales of UAVs
- Speed of response in disaster situations
- New service businesses utilizing UAVs
- Loss of jobs due to replacement/substitution by UAV
- Drone companies/vendors drones for hire

<u>Insurance Industry Implications</u>: Drones can have positive and negative impacts to many areas of our industry. As UAV's continue to be purchased and operated exposures for manufacturers, operators and third parties/vendors will grow.

- Privacy /security how is data collected, how used, who has access?
- Public safety
- Exposures (Commercial and personal)

# ACT Risk Advisory –

# **Drones**



- o Product Liability
- o Aircraft/General Liability including personal injury
- O Property coverages for the aircraft.
- o Environmental/safety flying into restricted airspace (Geofencing)
- Product availability: Insurance companies will need processes to develop and deliver appropriate policies to cover operator's exposures.
- Use of UAVs by the insurance industry, e.g. in underwriting, loss control and disaster recovery.
  - O Property claims review and damage assessment

# **Recommended Actions:**

# Agents -

- Ensure you and staff are aware of the basic UAV concepts (see 'Resources'). Develop customer recommendations.
- Review coverage forms to determine coverage or lack thereof in both commercial and personal policies.
- Review your current customer base for possible impacts
- Investigate niche market for insuring UAV uses.
  - o Markets
  - Underwriting guidelines

### **Carriers** -

- Product/coverage availability
  - Develop underwriting guidelines
- Investigate offering coverages across spectrum of impact.
- Review current policies for exclusions and unintended coverages

#### Vendors -

 Ensure management, quoting, and contact systems have the ability to handle these as specialty products.

## **Examples/Resources:**

- Drone Usage in US
- Agricultural Use of Drones
- Here's how drones are going to transform the insurance industry
- Rise of the Drones
- 14 things you need to know about commercial drone insurance
- World Drone Market Seen Nearing \$127 Billion in 2020

# **Evolving Technology Caution:**

As with any connected technology, aspects such as safety concerns, along with hacking and use with malicious intent is possible. In the case of drones, there can be unwarranted surveillance, overriding guidance systems to take control, and other variables such as third-party liability.

### Other:

• The use of UAS in commercial applications is only allowed with an exemption from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) under Section 333 of the FAA Modernization and Reform Act of 2012 (FMRA).

# ACT Risk Advisory – Drones



• As of Dec. 21, 2015, the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) requires all owners of small unmanned aircraft, or drones, weighing between 0.55 pounds and 55 pounds to register online before taking to the skies.

# **Call to Action:**

- 1. Become educated about this topic.
- 2. Educate your staff and colleagues about this topic.
- 3. Make sure your customers understand the insurance implications about their use of drones.

As the number of UAVs and their useful applications increase, the exposures and insurance needs of consumers and businesses will increase. In addition to becoming better educated on the impact drones will have on our industry we must be proactive in developing products that will address consumer (personal and commercial) needs. Further we must create consumer advisories on insurance issues related to drone use.

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